



Supporting Children – With – Dyspraxia



Teach complex activities in simple steps

Provide special grip pen or pencils to write or draw



Speech therapy helps to improve communication skills

Occupational therapy to teach the use of a walker or cane can help



Modify daily tasks to help children complete them faster

Sensitize the child's teachers and friends so that they may help



Reference

1. Developmental Coordination Disorder (Dyspraxia) In Children; NHS